

IEA Task 38, expected results and opportunities of collaboration



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Workshop "Solar Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration"
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The International Energy Agency



- The International Energy Agency (IEA) is an autonomous body within the framework of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)
- It was established in 1974
- It has 26 member countries

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Basic aims of the IEA

- To maintain and improve systems for coping with oil supply disruptions
- To promote rational energy policies in a global context through co-operative relations with non-member countries, industry and international organisations
- To operate a permanent information system on the international oil market
- To improve the world's energy supply and demand structure by developing alternative energy sources and increasing the efficiency of energy use
- To assist in the integration of environmental and energy policies

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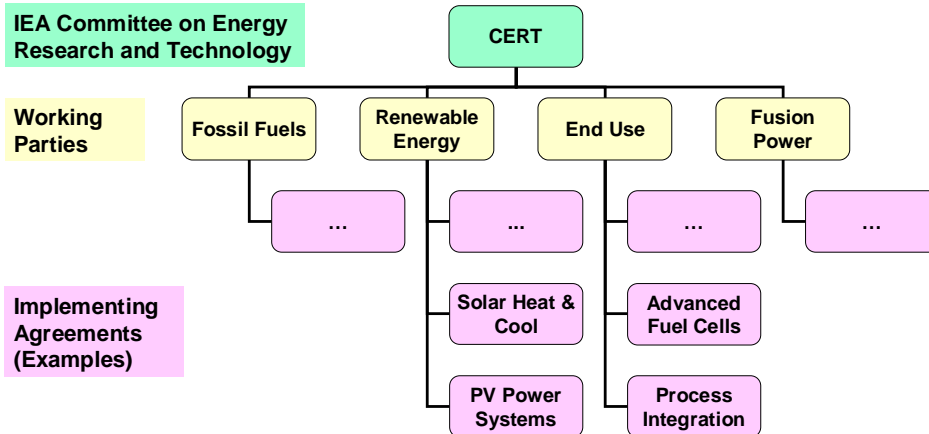


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International energy technology co-operation



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Energy end-use

- Energy end-use: Transportation
- Energy end-use: Industry
- Energy end-use: Buildings
 - Demand Side Management
 - District Heating and Cooling
 - Energy Conservation in Buildings and Community Systems
 - Energy Conservation through Energy Storage
 - Heat Pumping Technologies
- Energy end-use technologies: information centres, systems analysis



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Renewable energy

- Bioenergy
- Geothermal Energy Research Technology
- Hydropower Technologies and Programmes
- Ocean Energy Systems
- Photovoltaic Power System (PVPS)
- Production and Utilization of Hydrogen
- **Solar Heating and Cooling Systems (SHC)**
- Solar Power and Chemical Energy Systems (SolarPACES)
- Wind Turbine Systems



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Solar Heating & Cooling Implementing Agreement



- Established in 1976
- Works on technologies that use the energy of the sun to heat, cool, light and power buildings
- 19 countries (Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, United States) + European Commission
- Mission: "To facilitate an environmentally sustainable future through the greater use of solar design and technologies."
- International co-operation on a Task sharing basis



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Background - status of installed solar driven systems

- about 100-120 systems in Europe
- About 8-9 MW cooling capacity
- approx. 20000 m² collector area
- Technologies
 - 60 % absorption
 - 12 % adsorption
 - 25 % desiccant solid
 - 4 % desiccant liquid



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Background - conventional air-conditioning

- Electricity driven
- Maximum consumption at peak load time
- HCFCs and HFCs: no ozone depletion potential but global warming potential
 - leakage about 5-15 % p.a.
 - for mobile A/C: fade out of today's refrigerants in EU starting 2009 (new cars)



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Possible solutions

■ Reduction of GWP

- CO₂ as refrigerant ==> lower COP
- indirect systems (no refrigerant networks) == > lower COP
- gas driven systems (gas-motor - compressor): 400.000 units in Japan, strong growth rate in Italy (approx. 30.000 units installed)
==> primary energy?

■ Energy saving + reduction of GWP

- thermally driven systems: CHP, district heat, biomass, **solar**



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Drivers

■ Environmental drawbacks of conventional air-conditioning and refrigeration

➔ Seeking for environmentally sound, sustainable solutions for building air-conditioning

■ Small scale heat driven chillers

- Many companies work on new sorption systems in the range of small capacities

■ Collectors for medium temperatures (> 80°C)

- Many companies work on new solar collectors for medium temperatures (Task 33 Solar Industrial Process Heat)



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Main needs

- **standardized systems**
- **small capacity systems**
- **advanced operation & control**
- **transfer to professionals**



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Main objective, Scope

- **Implement measures to accelerate the market introduction of Solar Cooling systems in different sectors (residential, commercial, industrial)**
- **Technical scope**
 - Standardised, pre-engineered systems for applications in the low capacity range (residential, small commercial)
 - Develop concepts and create tools for a proper implementation in large scale applications (e.g., large office and residential buildings, hotels, industry, etc)
 - Contribute to the realisation of new research activities for the development of advanced systems and concepts



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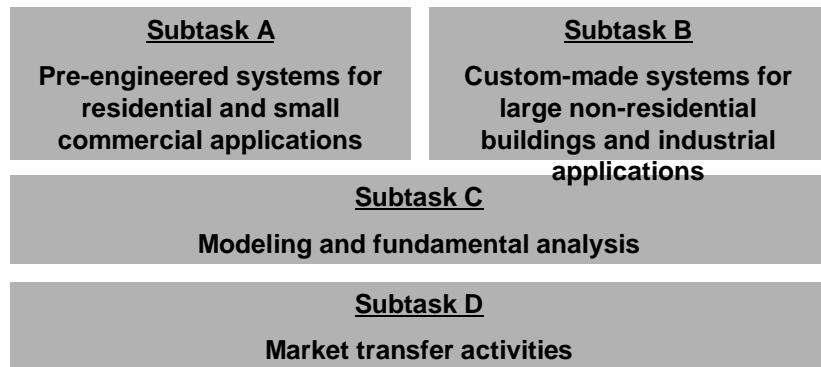
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Task structure



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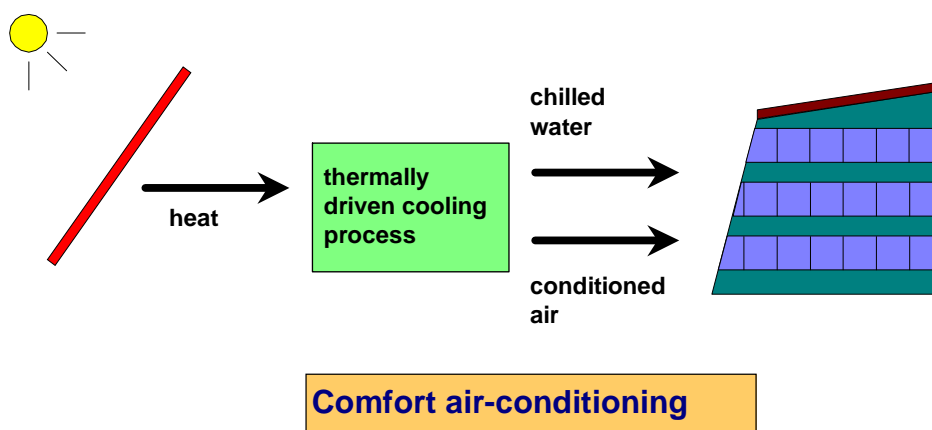
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Technical scope - application



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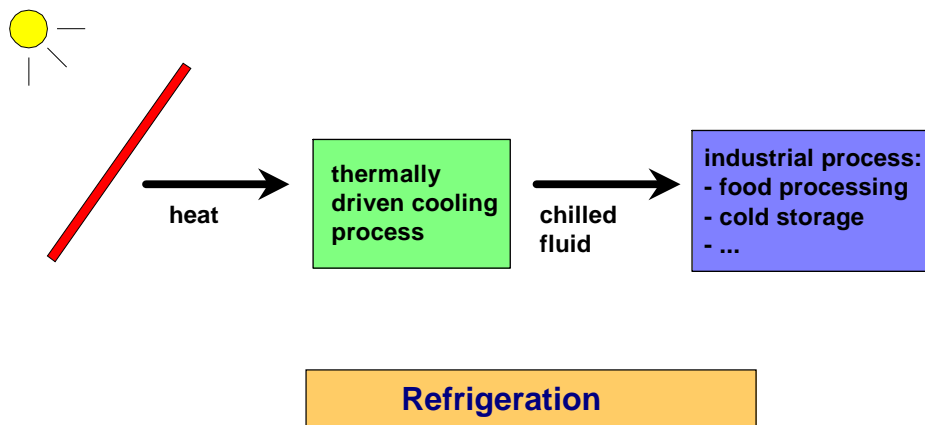
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Technical scope - application



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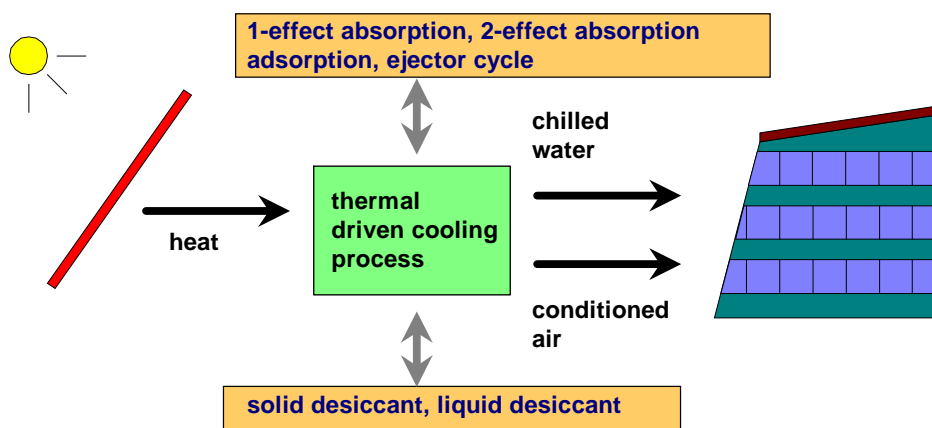


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Technical scope - technologies



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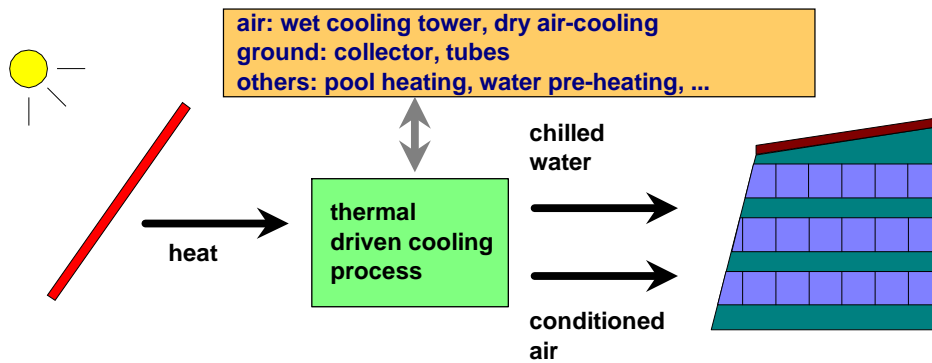


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Technical scope – heat rejection



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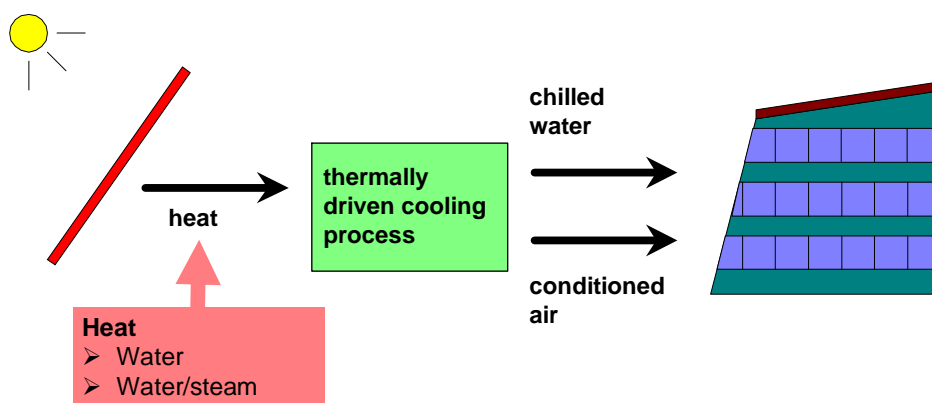


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Technical scope – storage



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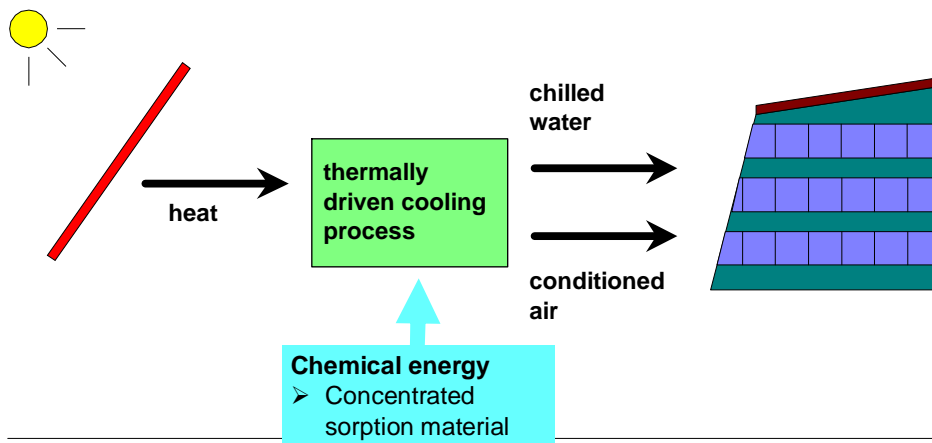


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Technical scope – storage



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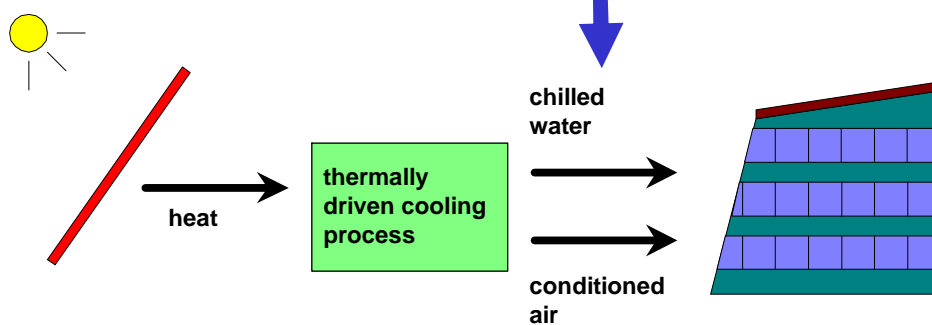


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Technical scope – storage



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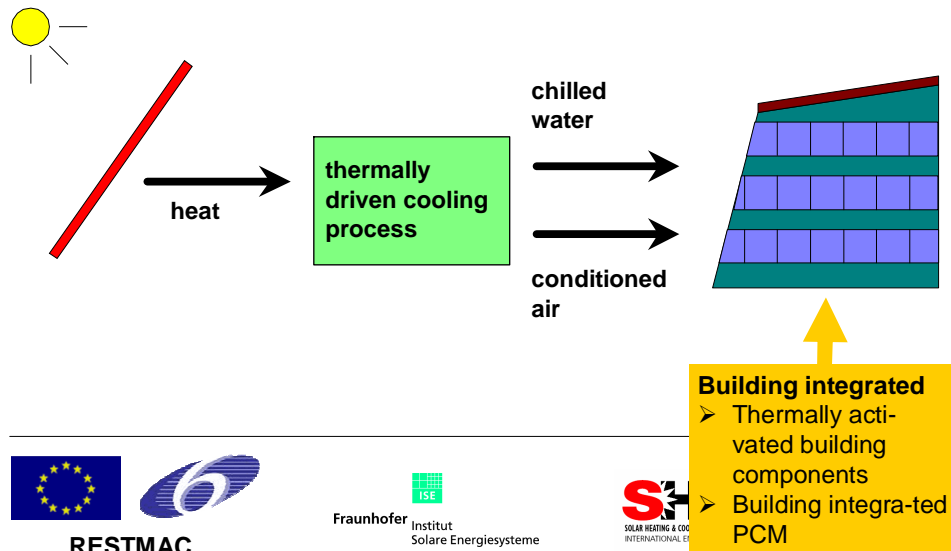


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Technical scope – storage



Participating countries

■ Definitely participating

- Austria
- Australia
- Canada
- Denmark
- France
- Germany
- Italy
- Mexico
- Portugal
- Spain
- Switzerland

■ Interested but not so clear

- Netherlands
- Sweden

■ Countries with some interest being no member of the Implementing Agreement

- Greece
- Malta (not yet)
- UK



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Operating Agent and Subtask Leadership

- **Operating Agent**
 - ➔ Germany: Fraunhofer ISE (Hans-Martin Henning)
- **Subtask A Pre-engineered systems**
 - ➔ Austria: AEE INTEC, Gleisdorf (Dagmar Jähnig)
- **Subtask B Custom-made systems**
 - ➔ Italy: EURAC Research, Institute for Renewable Energies, Bolzano (Wolfram Sparber)
- **Subtask C Modeling and fundamental analysis**
 - ➔ France: Institut National d'Energie solaire INES, Chambéry (Rene Wurtz)
- **Subtask D Market transfer activities**
 - ➔ Italy: Polytechnic di Milano (Mario Motta)



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**... thank you for
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